

Problem Set 7 by Youmna Layoun

(Out Wed 11/6/2024, Due Wed 11/13/2024)

Problem 1

This problem will guide you through implementing the Tree Code discussed in class using the Fast Multipole Method.

Given the set of 15 source particles:

$$X = [0.02, 0.04, 0.06, 0.13, 0.17, 0.23, 0.35, 0.45, 0.58, 0.65, 0.68, 0.73, 0.82, 0.94, 0.96];$$

$$q = [21, 30, 47, 23, 84, 19, 23, 17, 23, 44, 31, 92, 43, 18, 90];$$

$$q = q \cdot 0.001;$$

where $q(i)$ is the charge of particle $X(i)$.

Let $y = 0.59$ and $G(x_j - y_i) = \frac{1}{|x_j - y_i|^2}$.

- (a) Find the exact value of the sum $u = \sum_j G(x_j - y)q_j$.
- (b) Find the numerical value of $u = \sum_j G(x_j - y)q_j$ according to the algorithm explained in class and the steps below.

Note: you can use **MATLAB** for faster evaluations.

Perform the following steps for $p = 1$ and again for $p = 2$:

- (i) Setup the binary tree using $J = 3$ number of levels and identify the cell where y lies.
- (ii) Find the interaction list of that cell which consists of the cell itself, the adjacent ones (near-field), and far-field cells such that they cover all of $[0, 1]$.
- (iii) Calculate the weight of each far-field cell T in the interaction list using the formula discussed in class

$$w_m = \sum_{x_j \in T} q_j a_m(x_j - x^*)$$

for m from 0 to p , where x^* is the center of T .

- (iv) Calculate the contribution of the far-field terms to the sum

$$\sum_{m=0}^p w_m S_m(x^* - y)$$

(v) Calculate the numerical value of u by adding near-field and far-field terms.

(c) For each value of p , compare the numerical value of u with the exact value by taking the relative error

$$\frac{|u_{\text{FMM}} - u_{\text{exact}}|}{|u_{\text{exact}}|}$$

Instructions

Email your solutions (i.e., a scan or typed version) to tur61276@temple.edu with the email subject **Math 8200. Homework 7** and all the submitted filenames starting with your family name.