

Problem Set 1

(Out Thu 08/26/2021, Due Thu 09/09/2021)

Problem 1

The convection-diffusion equation

$$u_t + u_x = \varepsilon u_{xx} + f(x) \tag{1}$$

describes the evolution of a solvent concentration u in a channel flow of velocity 1, while solvent is inserted at a rate $f(x)$. Solutions of (1) converge (in time) to the steady state ODE

$$-\varepsilon u_{xx} + u_x = f(x) . \tag{2}$$

Consider (2) in $] -1, 1[$ with $f(x) = 1$, and zero inflow $u(-1) = 0$. We are interested in two cases:

- (A) small diffusion: $\varepsilon \ll 1$, where $u(1) = 0$, and
- (B) no diffusion: $\varepsilon = 0$.

Find the solutions to (A) and (B). Plot the sequence of solutions to (A) for $\varepsilon \in \{10^{-1}, 10^{-2}, 10^{-3}, 10^{-4}\}$. Explain your observations.

Problem 2

The telegraph equation $u_{tt} + 2du_t = u_{xx}$ is a simple model for the evolution of a signal in an electrical transmission line. Consider $x \in [-\pi, \pi)$ with periodic boundary conditions. Find the solution by a Fourier approach. Show that the waves e^{ikx} travel with frequency-dependent velocities, while being damped with time.

Problem 3

Given below are four PDE on a domain Ω . In each example:

- (1) Provide boundary and initial conditions, such that the problem is well posed.
- (2) Explain/prove why your construction leads to a well posed problem.
- (3) Describe which physical problem is modeled, in particular enlighten the physical meaning of boundary conditions.

