Problem Set 5

(Out Wed 10/30/2019, Due Wed 11/13/2019)

Problem 9

For the 2D heat equation

 $u_t = u_{xx} + u_{yy}$

on the unit square $\Omega = [0, 1[^2, \text{ with homogeneous Dirichlet b.c. } (u = 0 \text{ on } \partial\Omega)$, consider the Alternating Direction Implicit (ADI) method

$$U^{n+\frac{1}{2}} = U^n + \frac{k}{2} (D_x^2 U^{n+\frac{1}{2}} + D_y^2 U^n) ,$$

$$U^{n+1} = U^{n+\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{k}{2} (D_y^2 U^{n+1} + D_x^2 U^{n+\frac{1}{2}})$$

- (1) Use von Neumann stability analysis to investigate the stability properties of the ADI method. Is the method unconditionally stable, conditionally stable (if so, with which condition), or always unstable?
- (2) Modify the program temple8023_heateqn2d.m on the course website to use the ADI method instead of the (default) Crank-Nicolson method. Then compare Crank-Nicolson with the ADI method for different numbers of time steps (nt = 4,8,16,32), in terms of errors and CPU times needed to conduct the computation. Plot both in log-log scale as functions of h.

Problem 10

Consider the advection-reaction equation

$$u_t + u_x = r(u) + s(x, u)$$

on $x \in [0, 2\pi[$ with periodic boundary conditions, and zero initial conditions u(x, 0) = 0. The solution u(x, t) represents a chemical concentration $(0 \le u \le 1)$, which is advected with constant velocity, and modified by a bistable reaction term $r(u) = u(1-u)(u-\frac{1}{2})$ and a localized source term $s(x, u) = a \exp\left(-10(x-\pi)^2\right)(1-u)$, where a > 0 is a parameter.

- (1) Write a program that approximates the true solution with sufficient accuracy, and run the simulation on the two cases a = 0.5 and a = 1. Plot both solutions at times $t \in \{2, 8, 40\}$. Explain your observations.
- (2) There is a critical threshold value a_c , such that for $a < a_c$, the solution behaves like the case a = 0.5, and for $a > a_c$, the solution behaves like the case a = 1. Find a_c numerically, up to at least 0.1% accuracy. Remember that your scheme's global truncation error must be sufficiently small.