## Temple 3043Numerical Analysis IFall 2011

Problem Set 6

(Out Mon 10/10/2011, Due Tue 10/18/2011)

## Instructions

Any problem given by a number (and page reference) is taken from the book Brian Bradie, A Friendly Introduction to Numerical Analysis, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2006.

- Problems marked with (T) are theory problems. Their solutions are to be submitted on paper.
- Problems marked with (**P**) are practical problems, and require the use of the computer. Their solutions are to be submitted on paper, and usually require two parts: (a) a description of the underlying theory; and (b) code segments, printouts of program outputs, plots, and whatever it required to convince the grader that you have understood the theory and addressed all practical challenges appropriately.

## Section 3.1 (pages 157–160)

In order to do the  $(\mathbf{P})$  problems, you need to first write a Matlab code that performs Gaussian elimination "by hand", as given in 3.1.

**(T)** 10.

(P) 12. (google for matlab single precision)

## Section 3.2 (pages 168–170)

Now you need to extend your Gaussian elimination Matlab code to allow for different pivoting strategies, as given in 3.2.

(T) 1. (just name the indices of the entry)

**(T)** 2.

(P) 12. (use your Matlab codes, including a nicely formatted output of the matrices)

**(P)** 18.

(P) 20.