## Math 8161 Homework 1

Due Thursday, 9/10/09

**1.** Suppose (X, D) is a metric space. Which of the following functions are metrics on X?

- a)  $D_1(x, y) = k D(x, y)$ , where k is a positive real number.
- b)  $D_2(x,y) = k D(x,y)$ , where k is any real number.
- c)  $D_3(x,y) = D^n(x,y)$ , where n is a positive integer.
- d)  $D_4(x, y) = D^r(x, y)$ , where 0 < r < 1.

**2.** Let *P* and *P'* be points of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ , and let

$$M(P, P') = \{ Q \in \mathbb{R}^2 : d(P, Q) = d(P', Q) \},\$$

where d is some metric on  $\mathbb{R}^2$ . Describe geometrically what M(P, P') will look like when d is the Euclidean metric, the taxicab metric, and the max metric.

**3.** Let (X, D) be a metric space. Let  $\{F_i\}, i \in I$  be a family of closed sets with the following property: for every  $x \in X$ , there is a r > 0, such that  $B_r(x)$  intersects only finitely many of the  $F_i$ . Prove that the union  $\cup_I F_i$  is closed.

4. Prove that the Euclidean, taxicab, and max metrics on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  are *equivalent* – that is, they have the same open sets. *Note:* rephrasing this in terms of continuity, or in terms of sequences, might make the checking less tedious.

5. Let  $B[0,1] = \{f : [0,1] \to \mathbb{R} : f \text{ is bounded}\}$  be the set of all bounded functions on [0,1], equipped with the usual sup metric:

$$D(f,g) = \sup\{|f(x) - g(x)| : x \in [0,1]\}.$$

Define a function  $\varphi: B[0,1] \to \mathbb{R}$  by the formula  $\varphi(f) = f(0)$ . Is  $\varphi$  continuous? Prove your answer.

**6.** Let (X, D) be a metric space, and  $S \subset X$  an arbitrary subset. For any point  $x \in X$ , the distance to S is defined to be

$$D(x,S) = \inf \{ D(x,y) : y \in S \}.$$

Now, we can construct a function  $f: X \to \mathbb{R}$  by f(x) = D(x, S). Prove that f is continuous.