Math 8061 Homework 5

Due Thursday, 10/28/10

1. Let $f : \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}$ be a smooth function, and let $a \in \mathbb{R}$ be a regular value of f. Earlier in class, we showed that $M = f^{-1}(a)$ is a smooth (n-1) manifold. Now, prove that M is orientable.

2. Think of S^3 as a subset of \mathbb{C}^2 :

$$S^{3} = \{ (w, z) \in \mathbb{C}^{2} : |w|^{2} + |z|^{2} = 1 \}.$$

Define an equivalence relation ~ on $\mathbb{C}^2 \setminus \{0\}$, where $(w, z) \sim (\lambda w, \lambda z)$ for $\lambda \in \mathbb{C} \setminus \{0\}$. Then

$$S^3/\sim \cong (\mathbb{C}^2 \setminus \{0\})/\sim \cong \mathbb{CP}^1 \cong S^2.$$

Prove that the projection map $\pi: S^3 \to S^2$, where h(w, z) = [w, z], is a fibration with fiber S^1 . This is called the *Hopf fibration*. There are many beautiful pictures online, but spend some time trying to visualize it before searching online.

3. Let M^n be a smooth manifold embedded in \mathbb{R}^N . As a result of this embedding, every tangent vector $V \in T_p M$ has a well-defined length |V|. Define the *unit tangent bundle* of M as

$$UT(M) = \{(V, p) : V \in T_p(M), |V| = 1\} \subset TM.$$

Prove that the projection $\pi : UT(M) \to M$ turns UT(M) into a fiber bundle over M, with fiber S^{n-1} .

- **4.** Compute the flow of each of the following vector fields on \mathbb{R}^2 :
 - a) $X = y \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}$ b) $Y = x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + 2y \frac{\partial}{\partial y}$ c) $Z = x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} - y \frac{\partial}{\partial y}$

5. Consider the following vector fields on \mathbb{R}^3 :

$$X = z\frac{\partial}{\partial y} - y\frac{\partial}{\partial z}$$
$$Y = x\frac{\partial}{\partial z} - z\frac{\partial}{\partial x}$$
$$X = y\frac{\partial}{\partial x} - x\frac{\partial}{\partial y}$$

Prove that the flow of aX + bY + cZ is a rotation of \mathbb{R}^3 about the line \mathcal{L} through the origin and the point (a, b, c).